

General Description

The Micrel MIC37139 is a 1.5A low-dropout linear voltage regulator that provides a low-voltage, high-current output with a minimum of external components. It offers high precision, ultra-low dropout (500mV overtemperature), and low ground current.

The MIC37139 operates from an input of 2.25V to 6.0V. It is designed for a wide variety of applications including digital circuits requiring low-voltage at high currents (i.e., PLDs, DSPs, microcontrollers, etc.). It is available in a fixed output voltage of 1.8V, and as low as 1.5V.

Features of the MIC37139 LDO include thermal and current-limit protection, and reverse-current and reverse-battery protection. Its junction temperature range of the is from -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: www.micrel.com.

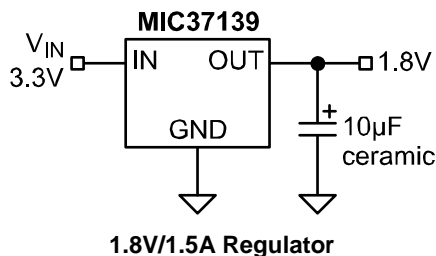
Features

- 1.5A minimum guaranteed output current
- 500mV maximum dropout voltage over temperature
- Stable with ceramic or tantalum capacitor
- Wide input voltage range: V_{IN} : 2.25V to 6.0V
- +1.0% initial output tolerance
- Fixed 1.8V output voltage
- Excellent line and load regulation specifications
- Thermal shutdown and current-limit protection
- Reverse-leakage protection
- Low profile SOT-223 package

Applications

- LDO linear regulator for low-voltage digital IC
- PC add-in cards
- High-efficiency linear power supplies
- SMPS post regulator
- Battery charger
- Set-top boxes
- Digital video recorders
- PowerPC[®] power supplies
- Multimedia and PC processor supplies

Typical Application



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PowerPC is a registered trademark of IBM Corporation.

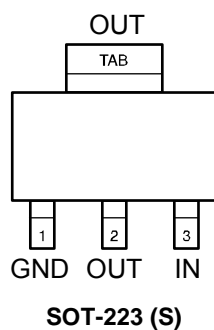
Ordering Information

Part Number	Output Current	Voltage*	Junction Temperature Range	Package	Lead Finish
MIC37139-1.8BS	1.5A	1.8V	-40° to +125°C	SOT-223	Standard
MIC37139-1.8YS	1.5A	1.8V	-40° to +85°C	SOT-223	Pb-Free
MIC37139-2.5YS	1.5A	2.5V	-40° to +85°C	SOT-223	Pb-Free

Note:

For other voltage options. Contact Micrel for details.

Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	GND	Ground
2	OUT	Regulator Output
3	IN	Regulator Input

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{IN})	6.5V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN})	6.5V
Power Dissipation	Internally Limited
Junction Temperature (T_J)	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 sec.)	260°C
Storage Temperature (T_S)	$-65^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$
ESD Rating ⁽³⁾	

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{IN})	2.25V to 6.0V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN})	0V to 6.0V
Junction Temperature (T_J)	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$
Maximum Power Dissipation ⁽⁴⁾	
Package Thermal Resistance	
SOT-223 (θ_{JC})	50°C/W

Electrical Characteristics⁽⁵⁾

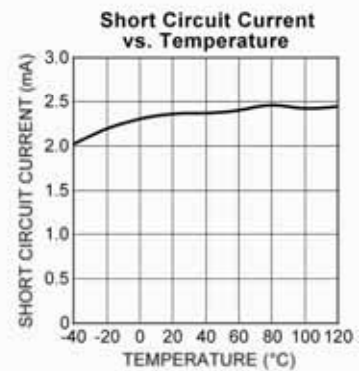
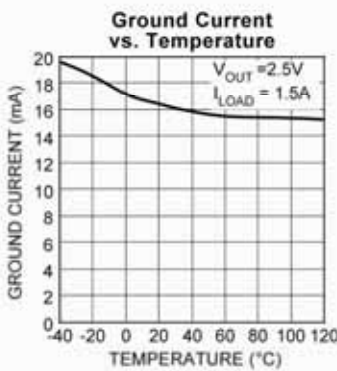
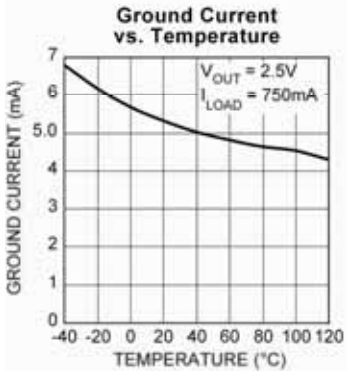
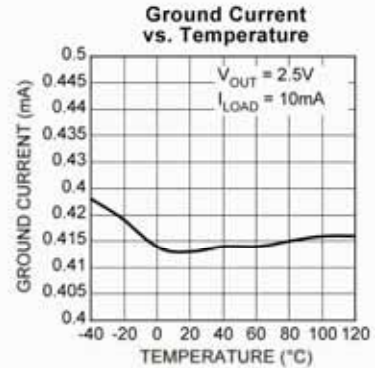
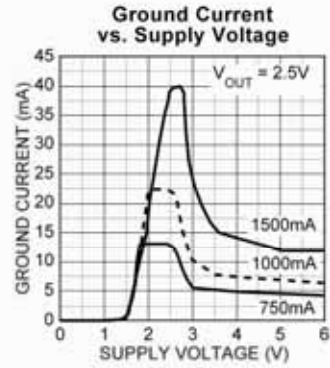
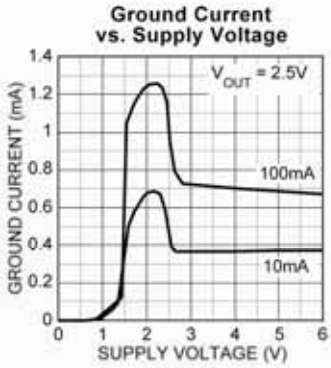
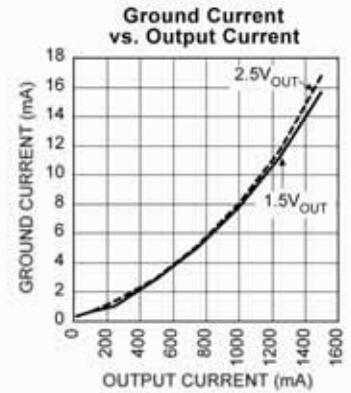
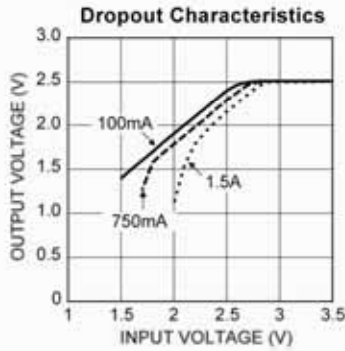
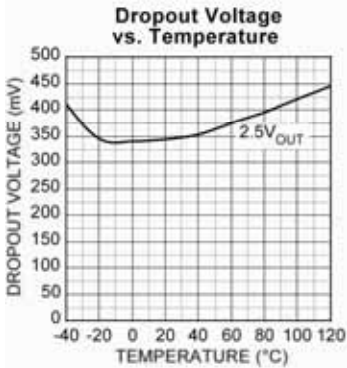
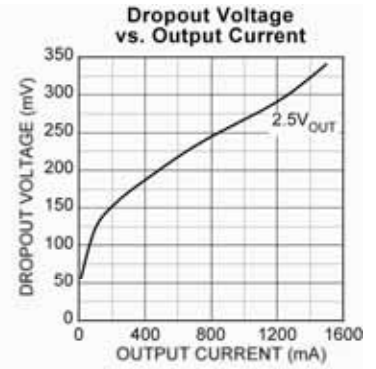
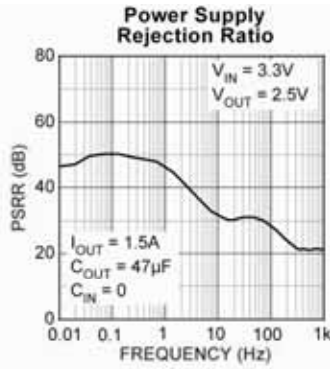
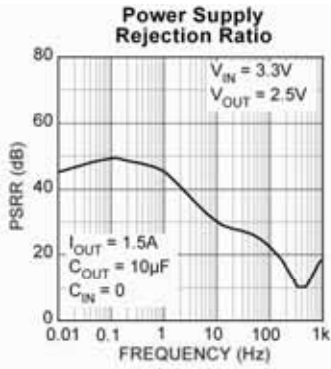
$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ with $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$; $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$; **bold** values indicate $-40^{\circ}\text{C} < T_J < +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless noted.

Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage Accuracy	$I_L = 10\text{mA}$	-1		+1	%
	$10\text{mA} < I_{OUT} < I_{L(max)}$, $V_{OUT} + 1 \leq V_{IN} \leq 6\text{V}$	-2		+2	%
Output Voltage Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0\text{V}$ to 6.0V		0.06	0.5	%
Output Voltage Load Regulation	$I_L = 10\text{mA}$ to 1.5A		0.2	1	%
$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$; Dropout Voltage ⁽⁶⁾	$I_L = 750\text{mA}$			350	mV
	$I_L = 1.5\text{A}$			500	mV
Ground Pin Current ⁽⁷⁾	$I_L = 1.5\text{A}$		17	30	mA
Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	$V_{IL} \leq 0.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$		1.0		μA
Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0$		2.25	4	A

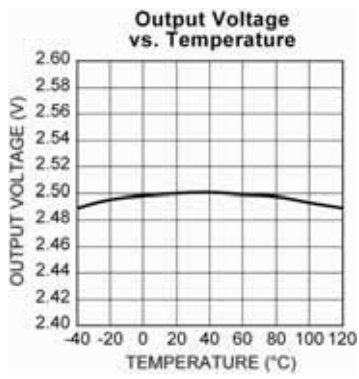
Notes:

- Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.
- $P_{D(max)} = (T_{J(max)} - T_A) \div \theta_{JA}$, where θ_{JA} , depends upon the printed circuit layout. See "Applications Information."
- Specification for packaged product only.
- $V_{DO} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ when V_{OUT} decreased to 98% of its nominal output voltage with $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$. For output voltages below 1.75V, dropout voltage specification does not apply due to a minimum input operating voltage of 2.25V.
- I_{GND} is the quiescent current. $I_{IN} = I_{GND} + I_{OUT}$.

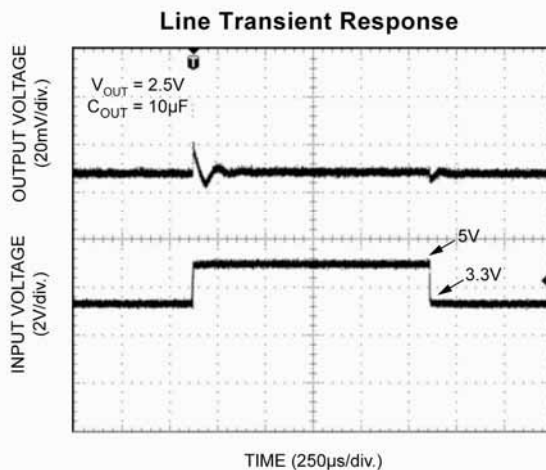
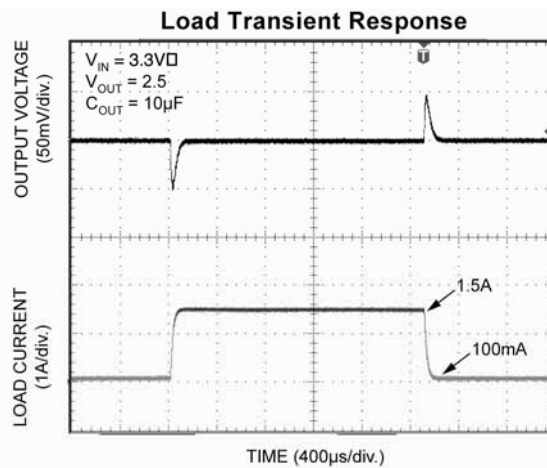
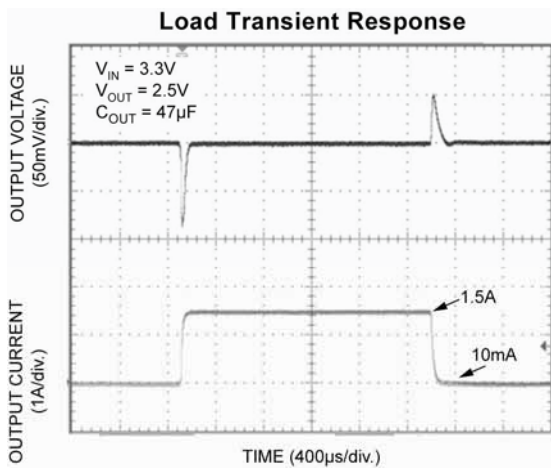
Typical Characteristics



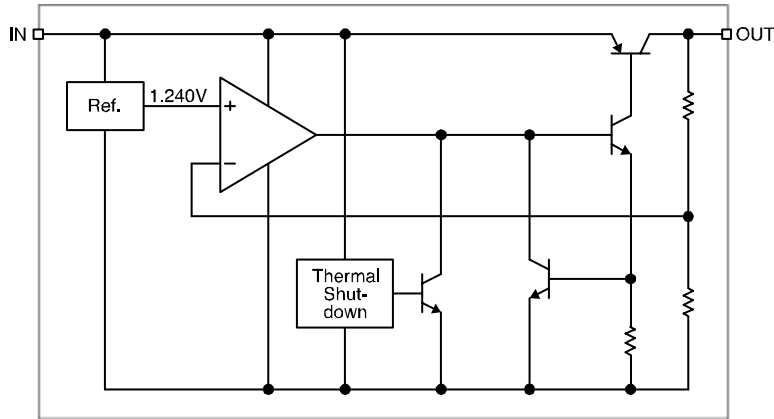
Typical Characteristics



Functional Characteristics



Functional Diagram



MIC37139 Fixed Regulator Block Diagram

Application Information

The MIC37139 is a high-performance low-dropout voltage regulator suitable for moderate to high-current regulator applications. Its 500mV dropout voltage at full load and overtemperature makes it especially valuable in battery-powered systems and as high-efficiency noise filters in post-regulator applications. Unlike older NPN-pass transistor designs, there the minimum dropout voltage is limited by the base-to-emitter voltage drop and collector-to-emitter saturation voltage, dropout performance of the PNP output of these devices is limited only by the low VCE saturation voltage.

A trade-off for the low-dropout voltage is a varying base drive requirement. Micrel's Super β PNP[®] process reduces this drive requirement to only 2% to 5% of the load current.

The MIC37139 regulator is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions. Current limiting is provided. This limiting is linear; output current during overload conditions is constant. Thermal shutdown disables the device when the die temperature exceeds the maximum safe operating temperature. Transient protection allows device (and load) survival even when the input voltage spikes above and below nominal. The output structure of these regulators allows voltages in excess of the desired output voltage to be applied without reverse current flow.

Thermal Design

Linear regulators are simple to use. The most complicated design parameters to consider are thermal characteristics. Thermal design requires the following application-specific parameters:

- Maximum ambient temperature (TA)
- Output current (IOUT)
- Output voltage (VOUT)
- Input voltage (VIN)
- Ground current (IGND)

First, calculate the power dissipation of the regulator from these numbers and the device parameters from this datasheet.

$$PD = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$

Where the ground current is approximated by using numbers from the "Electrical Characteristics" or "Typical Characteristics." Then, the heat sink thermal resistance is determined with this formula:

$$\theta_{SA} = ((T_J(\max) - T_A) / PD) - (\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS})$$

Where $T_J(\max) \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ and θ_{CS} is between 0°C and 2°C/W . The heat sink may be significantly reduced in applications where the minimum input voltage is known and is large compared with the dropout voltage. Use a series input resistor to drop excessive voltage and distribute the heat between this resistor and the

regulator. The low dropout properties of Micrel Super β PNP[®] regulators allow significant reductions in regulator power dissipation and the associated heat sink without compromising performance. When this technique is employed, a capacitor of at least 1.0 μF is needed directly between the input and regulator ground.

Refer to "Application Note 9" for further details and examples on thermal design and heat sink applications.

Output Capacitor

The MIC37139 requires an output capacitor for stable operation. As a μCap LDO, the MIC37139 can operate with ceramic output capacitors as long as the amount of capacitance is 47 μF or greater. For values of output capacitance lower than 47 μF , the recommended ESR range is 200m Ω to 2 Ω . The minimum value of output capacitance recommended for the MIC37139 is 10 μF .

For 47 μF or greater, the ESR range recommended is less than 1 Ω . Ultra-low ESR ceramic capacitors are recommended for output capacitance of 47 μF or greater to help improve transient response and noise reduction at high frequency. X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their temperature performance. X7R-type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60%, respectively, over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

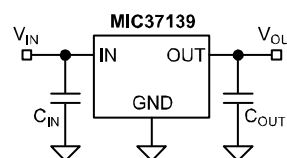


Figure 1. Capacitor Requirements

Input Capacitor

An input capacitor of 1.0 μF or greater is recommended when the device is more than 4 inches away from the bulk and supply capacitance, or when the supply is a battery. Small, surface-mount chip capacitors can be used for the bypassing. The capacitor should be placed within 1" of the device for optimal performance. Larger values will help to improve ripple rejection by bypassing the input to the regulator, further improving the integrity of the output voltage.

Transient Response and 3.3V to 2.5V, 2.5V to 1.8V or 1.65V, or 2.5V to 1.5V Conversions

The MIC37139 has excellent transient response to variations in input voltage and load current. The device has been designed to respond quickly to load current variations and input voltage variations. Large output capacitors are not required to obtain this performance. A standard 10 μ F output capacitor, preferably tantalum, is all that is required. Larger values help to improve performance even further.

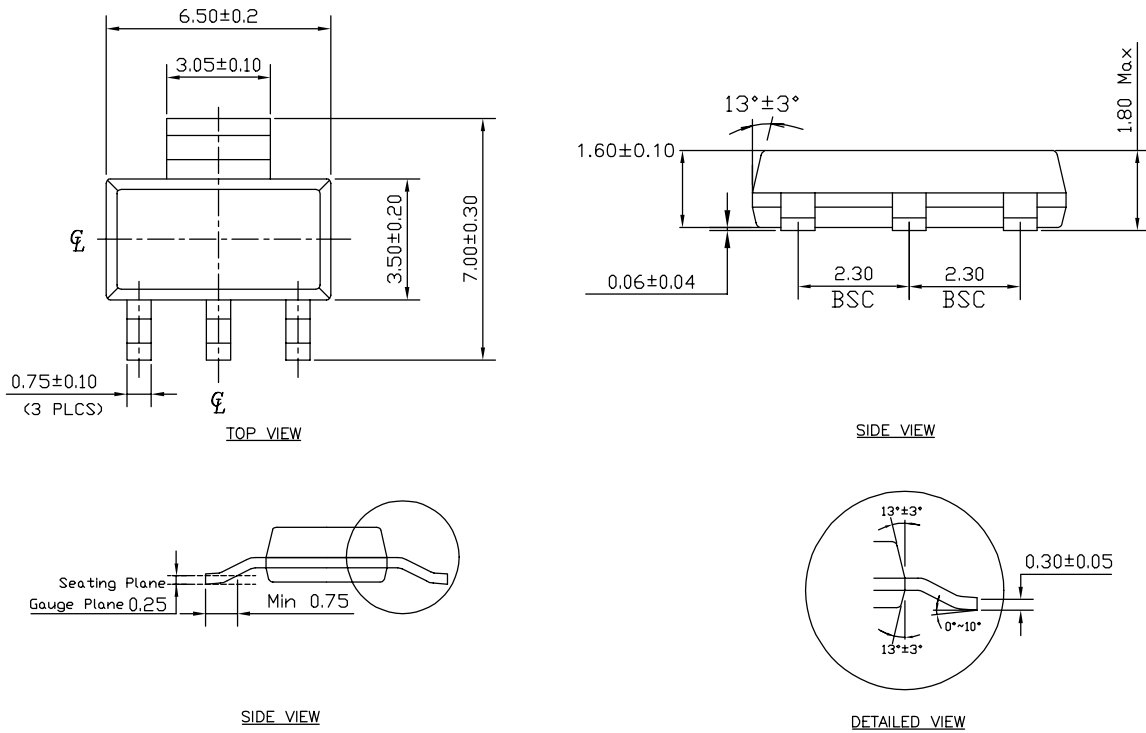
By virtue of its low-dropout voltage, this device does not saturate into dropout as readily as similar NPN-based designs. When converting from 3.3V to 2.5V, 2.5V to 1.8V or 1.65V, or 2.5V to 1.5V, the NPN-based regulators are already operating in dropout, with typical

dropout requirements of 1.2V or greater. To convert down to 2.5V without operating in dropout, NPN-based regulators require an input voltage of 3.7V at the very least. The MIC37139 regulator will provide excellent performance with an input as low as 3.0V or 2.25V, respectively. This gives the PNP-based regulators a distinct advantage over older, NPN-based linear regulators.

Minimum Load Current

The MIC37139 regulator is specified between finite loads. If the output current is too small, leakage currents dominate and the output voltage rises. A 10mA minimum load current is necessary for proper operation.

Package Information



NOTE:

1. Dimensions and tolerances are as per ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. Controlling dimension: Millimeters.
3. Dimensions are exclusive of mold flash and gate burr.
4. All specification comply to Jedec spec TO261 Issue C.

SOT-223 (S)

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